

2103 Votes Cast

2649 Reg. Voters

79%

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

1. To Vote. Completely fill in the oval ☐ to the right of your choice. For each office vote for not more than the number of candidates stated in the sentence: "Vote for not more than ____." If you vote for more than the stated number of candidates, your vote for that office will not be counted.

2. To Vote a Straight Ticket.

To vote for all candidates running in the same political party (straight ticket), completely fill in the oval ☐ to the right of the party name in the straight ticket section of the ballot. You may vote a straight ticket and also vote for individual candidates from any party. If you vote for an individual candidate, the straight ticket vote for only that office is canceled. If more than one candidate is to be elected for an office, you must mark each of your choices for that office. If you vote a straight ticket and do not completely fill in the oval ☐ to the right of any candidate for an office, your straight ticket vote will count for that office.

3. To Vote by Write-In.

To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write in the name of the person in the "write-in" space. Completely fill in the oval ☐ to the right of your choice.



STRAIGHT TICKET

REPUBLICAN

For all candidates of this party fill in the oval

469



STRAIGHT TICKET

DEMOCRATIC

For all candidates of this party fill in the oval

194

For President and Vice President of the United States

Vote for not more than ONE:

GEORGE W. BUSH

"DICK" CHENEY

REPUBLICAN

1108

JOHN F. KERRY

JOHN EDWARDS

DEMOCRATIC

972

RALPH NADER

PETER MIGUEL CAMEJO

INDEPENDENT

13

WRITE-IN

For Governor

Vote for not more than ONE:

CRAIG R. BENSON

REPUBLICAN

1088

JOHN LYNCH

DEMOCRATIC

968

WRITE-IN

For United States Senator

Vote for not more than ONE:

JUDD GREGG

REPUBLICAN

1420

DORIS GRANNY D HADDOCK

DEMOCRATIC

614

WRITE-IN

For Representative in Congress

Vote for not more than ONE:

CHARLES BASS

REPUBLICAN

1329

PAUL W. HODES

DEMOCRATIC

642

RICHARD B. KAHN

LIBERTARIAN

53

WRITE-IN

OFFICIAL BALLOT FOR SUNAPEE

GENERAL ELECTION

November 2, 2004



Wm. Barber
SECRETARY OF STATE

For Executive Councilor

Vote for not more than ONE:

RAYMOND S. BURTON

REPUBLICAN & DEMOCRATIC

1695

WRITE-IN

For State Senator

Vote for not more than ONE:

"BOB" ODELL

REPUBLICAN

1338

CARROLL D. "DAVE" FRENCH

DEMOCRATIC

630

WRITE-IN

For State Representative

Vote for not more than ONE:

HARRY S. GALE, JR.

REPUBLICAN

1144

DAVID M. BROWN

DEMOCRATIC

829

WRITE-IN

For Sheriff

Vote for not more than ONE:

MICHAEL L. PROZZO, JR.

REPUBLICAN & DEMOCRATIC

1725

WRITE-IN

For County Attorney

Vote for not more than ONE:

MARC HATHAWAY

REPUBLICAN & DEMOCRATIC

1731

WRITE-IN

For County Treasurer

Vote for not more than ONE:

MARK A. PITKIN

REPUBLICAN

1141

CYNTHIA PAGE SWEENEY

DEMOCRATIC

731

WRITE-IN

For Register of Deeds

Vote for not more than ONE:

SHARRON A. KING

REPUBLICAN & DEMOCRATIC

1750

WRITE-IN

For Register of Probate

Vote for not more than ONE:

DIANE M. DAVIS

REPUBLICAN

1285

LEVI SANDERS

DEMOCRATIC

600

WRITE-IN

For County Commissioner 2nd District

Vote for not more than ONE:

"BEN" NELSON

REPUBLICAN & DEMOCRATIC

1715

WRITE-IN

For County Commissioner 3rd District

Vote for not more than ONE:

RUDOLPH ADLER

REPUBLICAN

1038

ETHEL JARVIS

DEMOCRATIC

803

WRITE-IN

Question Relating to Constitutional Amendment Proposed by the 2004 General Court

"Are you in favor of repealing and reenacting part II, article 73-a of the constitution in order to clarify that both the judiciary and legislature have the authority to regulate court practices and procedures and to resolve potential conflicts that may arise so that it reads as follows:

[Art.] 73-a. [Court Practices and Procedures.] The chief justice of the supreme court shall be the administrative head of all the courts in the state. The chief justice shall have the power, with the concurrence of a majority of the other supreme court justices, to make rules of general application regulating court administration and the practice, procedure, and admissibility of evidence, in all courts in the state. The legislature shall have a concurrent power to regulate the same matters by statutes of general application, except that such legislative enactments may not abridge the judiciary's necessary adjudicatory functions. In the event of a conflict between a rule promulgated by the judiciary and a statute enacted by the legislature, the statute, if not otherwise contrary to this constitution shall prevail over the rule."

(This question is submitted to the voters by the 2004 Legislature on votes of 256 to 69 in the House of Representatives and 18 to 6 in the Senate. CACR 5)

YES 852
NO 713